CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY	Hungary	REPORT NO.		
SUBJECT	Jet Aircraft Coservation near	DATE DISTR.	17 March	195
	Budapest 25X1	NO. OF PAGES	1	
DATE OF IN	IFO.	REQUIREMENT NO.	RD	
PLACE ACQ	UIRED	REFERENCES		
	THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REI THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT I 25X1 (FOR KEY SEE REVERS	s tentative.		
25X1 -	about ten jet aircraft	were in flig	l ,	25X
1 1	Sudapest from a point on the Danube (Kilon the transmitting antenna of Radio Budapest to be flying much more slowly than MIG-15. They were flying singly, and at no point of lower the state of the stat	eter Markers 1625-1628 . The aircraft, which were apparently shoot	appeared ing landings.	
2. 1	the transmitting antenna of Radio Budapest to be flying much more slowly than MIG-15, They, were flying singly, and at no point of	eter Markers 1625-1628. The aircraft, which were apparently shoot id they have their land arger than the MIG-15 at the wings, one third re rounded at the tips ack, curved leading edging edge. The aircraft ing edge. The aircraft he wings fore and after was noticeable. The tapering to the tail.	appeared ing landings. ding gear and as of the and slightly e, rounded ge was a t was inted star t and the fuselage No cockpit	
2. I	the transmitting antenna of Radio Budapest to be flying much more slowly than MIG-15. They were flying singly, and at no point down. The aircraft was described as being much leaving two jet-propulsion units located in distance from the fuselage. The wings were take. The rudder fin had a swe be into the top, which came to a point at the someone curve roughly parallel to the leaders the rudder. The engines protruded from the rudder. The engines protruded from the rudder aperture at the rear end of each tulned a blunt nose and was generally round, sould be seen on the dorsal side of the formula point and the found aperture at the rear end of each tulned a blunt nose and was generally round, sould be seen on the dorsal side of the found aperture at the rear end of each tulned a blunt nose and was generally round,	ester Markers 1626-1628. The aircraft, which were apparently shoot id they have their land arger than the MIG-15 in the wings, one third is rounded at the tips lock, curved leading edge rear; the trailing edding edge. The aircraft red with a red five-point the wings fore and after the wings fore and after the was noticeable. The tapering to the tail. In air formation, were	appeared ing landings. ding gear and as of the and slightly e, rounded ge was a t was inted star t and the fuselage No cockpit ys or	
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25X1	the transmitting antenna of Radio Budapests to be flying much more slowly than MIG-15. They were flying singly, and at no point down. The aircraft was described as being much having two jet-propulsion units located in distance from the fuselage. The wings were transmitted to the fuselage. The wings were transmitted to the fuselage of the transmitted to the leads of the rudder. The engines protruded from the rudder. The engines protruded from the rudder at the rear end of each tule had a blunt nose and was generally round, could be seen on the dorsal side of the full anding gear on the ventral side. 1. Comment: Similar aircraft, fly: from the same point in May and July 18	the aircraft, which were apparently shoot id they have their land arger than the MIG-15 in the wings, one third is rounded at the tips tok, curved leading edge rear; the trailing edding edge. The aircraft with a red five-point the wings fore and after was noticeable. The tapering to the tail. Itselage nor any bomb-batting in formation, were 1552.	appeared ing landings. ding gear and as of the and slightly e, rounded ge was a t was inted star t and the fuselage No cockpit ys or observed	